

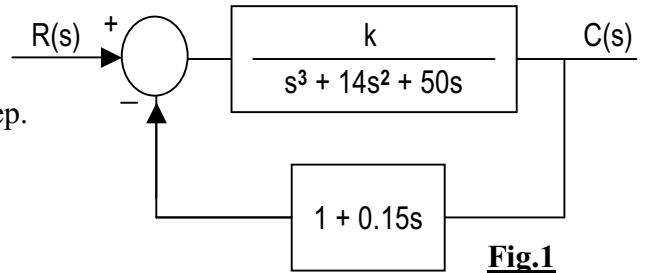
1

a) Imagine that you constructed a schematic block diagram to represent a control system regarding a person who is driving a motor cycle at constant speed and following a prescribed path for five hours.

In your diagram what represent :

the sensor , the comparator , the feedforward element , the disturbance and the parameter variations.

b) Given the block diagram shown in **Fig.1** :



i) Find $c(t)$ when $k = 100$ and the set value is a unit step.

ii) What positive k will destabilize the system ?

c) Using analog computers ;

simulate $\dot{x} + 8x = 40$; $x(0) = 3$ such that x and \dot{x} are available for measurements .

sketch $\dot{x}(t)$.

2

a) If possible ; **introduce minimum number** of components in order to have :

i) $\zeta = 0.75$ and steady state output = 2 , given $G(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 3s + 4}$

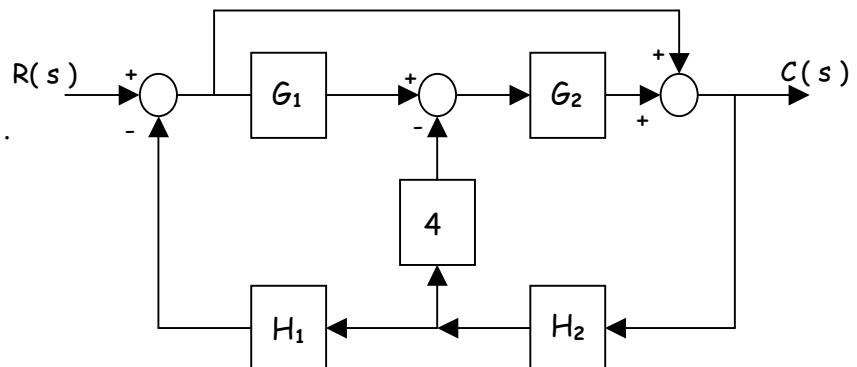
ii) $\zeta = 1$ and $\omega_n = 4$ rad/s , given $G(s)$ as in (2ai) .

iii) $e_{ss} = 1/4$ due to **a unit ramp** , given $g(s) = \frac{k}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 3s}$

b) Given $\dot{x} = -2x + 5h$ and $\ddot{h} = 6x - 15h + r(t)$;

represent as a block diagram with $X(s)$ as output ; $R(s)$ as set value ;

using integrators , any gains and two input comparators .



c) Using block diagrams reduction techniques .

Find $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$ for the diagram shown .